

Hawaiian Gazette.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, April 12.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, trace.
Temperature, Max. 76; Min. 67. Weather, fair.

SUGAR.—98 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.050c. Per Ton, \$79.10.
88 Analysis Beets, 104. 3 1/4d. Per Ton, \$83.60.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1909. SEMI-WEEKLY

WHOLE NO. 3052

TYPEWRITER WAR LULLS BUT END OF PILIKIA IS NOT YET REACHED

Moore Argues That the Limit of Fifty Per Cent Ought to Pre- vail.

The Senate passed the bill regulating the treatment of leprosy, which originated in the House of Representatives, upon second reading yesterday; made further progress on the appropriation bill and dealt conservatively with three other important bills that came before it for consideration.

Senator Moore appeared in the role of an objector to the clause in the bill allowing the deposit of Territorial funds in private banks without imposing a 50 per cent. limitation upon the amount to be deposited. Moore maintained that one-half of the government's available cash should be retained in the vaults as an insurance against monetary embarrassment in time of financial panic. The point raised by Moore seemed to be regarded with considerable attention by the upper house majority, and the bill was further deferred until the views of local bankers on the problem could be ascertained. Senator Knudsen took the stand that the very best preventive against possible panic would be the free and uninterrupted circulation of the Territory's cash through its deposit in local banks.

The bill amending the existing statute governing the exercise of the right of eminent domain by railroad corporations came in for some criticism in the Senate. Senator Fairchild used a California experience as a basis for his argument that the time limit for appraisal should be definitely specified. He showed that the right had been misused by railroads desiring to prevent land from being sold, although they did not actually wish to purchase it themselves.

The House bill providing for the appointment of lunacy commissioners and making changes in the laws governing the restraint and maintenance of insane persons, was clearly shown in the upper house yesterday to be a flimsy and dangerous measure. Although it was referred back to the Health Committee with authority to employ legal advice in an effort to make it acceptable, it is so full of obvious and perilous defects that it was the opinion of a number of Senators that its existence should be ended forthwith.

The bill relating to the treatment of leprosy was discussed at length. A. L. C. Atkinson took a leading part in the discussion, and Drs. Wayson and Cooper favored the passage of the measure. Secretary Mott-Smith also urged the endorsement of the bill, which he said would be a decided step toward the final solution of the Territory's most serious problem.

A petition was presented by Senator Coelho from the Molokai Settlement. The document was ordered to be translated.

Sensor Moore submitted a report on House Bill No. 137, relating to the licensing of public shows. The bill had been re-referred to the Ways and Means Committee on the request of Moore, who decided that the measure would bear further consideration. Yesterday he submitted an amendment that is designed to prevent the picturing of a scene, which, if actually enacted, would be against the laws of the Territory. The report was laid on the table to be considered with the bill on its regular order.

The Judiciary Committee submitted a favorable report on Senate Bill No. 130, authorizing the issuing of land patents for certain church sites, or sites for other religious or burial purposes. The bill passed second reading on the adoption of the report.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 14, memorializing Congress to pass the bill carrying the sum of \$250,000 for the payment of the claims of the ex-Queen, was reported favorably and the resolution passed on second reading. There were no dissenting votes.

On Eminent Domain.

The Judiciary Committee submitted an amending report on House Bill No. 154, a bill intended to further safeguard the taking of property by railroad companies under power of eminent domain. The report was laid on the table to be considered with the bill.

Senator Brown submitted a petition from people living on the Honoum homesteads, asking for an appropriation of \$400 for road construction.

Senate Bill No. 131, regulating the qualifications legally required of pharmacists, was reported favorably.

Lloyd a Moral Victor, but a Profitless One ---Other Bills and Resignations.

There were some developments in the matter of the payment for stenography and typewriting in the House yesterday, but little improvement in the situation. It has been determined by the Speaker that the official stenographer need not furnish the transcript of his notes for the use of the clerk as minutes of the House, this being a reversal of his determination as announced on Saturday, but there appears to be no going back on the matter of allowing the stenographer to get any money out of the session other than his regular ten per day. It also appears that the clerk is to do the work for which the stenographer wanted his five dollars a day extra for nothing.

That is, he is to furnish the minutes for nothing, but there has been nothing said about who is to pay for the typewriting of them. It does not appear on the surface that the clerk can do his own typewriting. At least it is claimed that every time he is instructed to write a letter or every time he has to prepare a bill for the House after some original has been amended, the typewriting is done by some one other than him and the work is charged up against the Territory as an extra.

The chairman of the Public Expenditure Committee states that he sees no reason why the House with nine clerks under pay, drawing from \$2.50 to \$10 a day, can not get its typewriting done without having to employ extra help. The chairman of this committee declares very emphatically that he is where he is to do what should be done irrespective of who is pleased or displeased and without regard to what the effect of his rulings on accounts presented may have on his political prospects. Just now he is holding up payment on an account of sixty dollars, contracted by the Speaker himself, for automobile hire.

It appears that when the Speaker, on behalf of the House, accepted an invitation from Admiral Ijichi to attend a reception on board the Japanese cruiser, he at the same time ordered half a dozen gasoline buggies around to convey the members from the Capitol to the naval docks, three blocks away. It was not up to the members to question the expense and they piled into the autos and chug-chugged down to the docks. The ride took about three minutes. When the members went aboard the war vessels, however, the machines were bade to wait, and wait they did for two hours, while the members partook of the hospitality of the Japanese naval men. Then the members took machines for their respective homes.

Just why the Representatives should have automobiles at the public expense to go calling in is not clear. Representative Castro is waiting to be shown before he O. K.'s the sixty dollar bill.

It has developed that Furtado was among the others who resigned from the House.

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KOREAN WITH BLACK MASK

Another Good Capture by the New Chief of Detectives.

Wearing a black mask and terrorizing the owners of Kalihi hens and roosters is the information laid against Yee Dong Kui, a Korean crook, arrested on Sunday by Chief of Detectives Joe Leal. The mask was found in the man's room together with a sack which contained a number of chicken feathers. Sleuth Apana located the incriminating articles in the Korean's room, and these, coupled with the fact that he was identified by Kalihi Japanese as the man they caught last week but lost, will aid in sending the fellow to the reek for a long period.

Complaints reached Chief Leal of depredations committed in Kalihi hen yards and he put his force to work. Gus Schuman's place was robbed one night last week. That night some Japanese on the place caught the Korean now in custody but he got away. Their description of the intruder was such as to lead Chief Leal to almost name the man.

The mask was fashioned from an old black felt hat. It has two eye-holes and a piece is cut out to make the mask fit over the bridge of the nose.

Yee Dong Kui is an old offender and a menace to society. About three years ago he was caught by Chief Leal, then a mounted police officer, in Punahou district, and was given a six months' sentence for larceny. Afterwards he was sent over a second time. Early last year Officer Townsend was sent out to arrest Yee Dong Kui on information that he was the man who had stolen many bicycles. Townsend made a plucky single-handed arrest of Yee, who put up a fight. Townsend sold out to his man, and while lying on the ground, with the Korean endeavoring to break from his grasp, he fired his revolver to attract attention. A police officer living nearby responded and Yee was brought to the station. He was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment. He was recently released from custody.

NEW BOAT NAMED AFTER HONOLULU GIRL

Captain Matson's new \$1,000,000 steamer for the San Francisco-Honolulu passenger and freight trade, will be launched in the middle of September at Newport News, and may be ready for service about December. The contractors have been doing some fast work on the vessel.

The steamer will probably be named after a Honolulu girl, her first name being used. The name is a long one and has a pretty sound, and in all probability the young lady will be present when the new vessel is christened.

French-American trade interests are apprehensive that the ratification of the French-Canadian treaty will be inimical to American exporting trade. It gives Canada an average advantage of 33 per cent on 150 articles in which the United States competes. Canada gives France the minimum rates on wines and the entire list of French luxuries on which the Payne bill increases the rates.

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CARPETBAG RESOLUTION

Kuhio Presents It to the New Attorney General With Good Effect.

By Ernest G. Walker.
(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 28.—The tariff is the principal topic of the hour in Washington. The House is struggling along with the general debate, which will give place in a few days to the debate by paragraphs under the five-minute rule. The Senate Committee on Finance is devoting busy days to scrutinizing and revising the schedules as prepared in the House bill.

Not much leaks out from the Finance Committee room. The purpose is to keep the work there confidential till the bill is ready for report, just as was done by the Ways and Means Committee of the House in the preparation of the bill. Senator Aldrich, the chairman, is holding the committee strictly to business and is not allowing scattering efforts. Only the Republican members, of course, are sitting. Senator Aldrich has divided them up into subcommittees for the consideration and investigation of special schedules. For instance, a subcommittee, composed of Senators Flint of California, Penrose of Pennsylvania and Smoot of Utah, is studying the sugar schedules. Whether there is to be any change of those schedules, as reported to the House, has not yet been made apparent. In the House debates there has been but little criticism of the sugar schedules, but the beet sugar men, who are influential in several States, are making a fight against the provision of bringing 300,000 tons of Philippine sugar into the United States annually free of duty. It is pointed out that this means in reality \$40,000 tons, as the provision is for 300,000 long tons. The Hawaiian interests, as represented here at the capital, are understood to be taking no part in this opposition to Philippine sugar, as it is deemed wiser to hold aloof from the contention.

The Pineapples of Hawaii.

The Finance Committee has asked the Delegate from Hawaii, Prince Kuhio, to prepare some data about the pineapple industry. Mr. McClellan is now gathering that information for the benefit of the committee. The New York importers of that fruit are clamoring for the levying of the duty by the old cubic foot rule, as provided in the law at present, and in preference to the reckoning by the thousand pineapples, as has been provided in the Payne bill. Mr. McClellan is utilizing some of the information about the pineapple industry which he gathered while in Cuba in making up this brief for the Finance Committee. There is quite a strong pressure from the canneries at Baltimore and from some other quarters for free pineapples.

The Carpetbag Protest.

The Delegate and Mr. McClellan visited Attorney General Wickersham a few days ago to enter a formal protest against the appointment of a mainlander either as additional Federal judge or as District Attorney for Hawaii. He gave them a very attentive hearing and apparently took a friendly view of their side of the case, but said nothing definite as to what his recommendation would be. As far as can be ascertained.

(Continued on page 2.)

ROOSEVELT ENROLLS FRENCH RECRUITS FOR THE ANANIAS CLUB

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

PARIS, April 13.—Ex-President Roosevelt and French journalists are engaged in a heated controversy over an issue of veracity. Le Journal published an interview with Roosevelt at Naples regarding which the ex-President cabled a denial from Port Said. The correspondent has reaffirmed the truth of the interview, but Roosevelt declares it an impudent fabrication.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Payne tariff bill passed the House yesterday amid great excitement, the vote standing 217 to 161. The Senate Finance Committee, after a conference with Taft, accepted the provision for the admission of 300,000 tons of sugar annually from the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Finance will conduct an inquiry concerning the reported agreement between President Taft and the beet sugar interests with regard to the treatment of Philippine sugar in the tariff bill.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The House today defeated the amendment of the tariff bill for free lumber. Petroleum was placed on the free list and the duty on barley was increased.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Hon. Ethan Allen Hitchcock of St. Louis, who was appointed Secretary of the Interior by President McKinley and who served in the Roosevelt cabinet, died here today.

PORT RICHMOND, April 9.—Two men were killed and five injured by the explosion of a Standard Oil still here today.

PORT SAID, April 9.—Ex-President Roosevelt arrived here today.

SORRENTO, Italy, April 9.—F. Marion Crawford, the famous novelist, is dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—The twelfth seat in the Calhoun jury was filled yesterday, but was again made vacant by a peremptory challenge.

ST. LOUIS, April 10.—The defense has concluded its argument in the suit of the government to dissolve the Standard Oil corporation.

LYONS, New York, April 10.—Mrs. Sampson was acquitted.

LONDON, April 10.—Algernon Swinburne, the famous poet, died here today.

TULSA, Oklahoma, April 10.—The indictments against Governor Haskell and a number of others in connection with town lot frauds have been quashed on a technicality.

PHILADELPHIA, April 10.—The Varsity crew of the University of Pennsylvania defeated Yale in their annual eight-oared race here today.

PORT DE FRANCE, April 11.—Ex-President Castro of Venezuela has been expelled from Martinique. He was taken from a sick bed, put on a stretcher despite his protest and placed aboard the steamer Versailles. This was done upon cable orders from the French government. He will probably be returned to Europe.

LONDON, April 11.—The Vienna report about the early termination of the Anglo-Japan alliance is discredited. There is no friction between the two countries.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The amendment made to the Payne Tariff Bill in the House before its final passage on Friday were to reduce the tariff on a number of classes, the total reductions being estimated to reduce the revenues by twenty million dollars annually.

BUFFALO, New York, April 12.—Niagara Falls has completely dried up for the second time in its history. The river of the falls has frozen solid and the water has been backed up to such an extent that serious floods have resulted, with damage done to the extent of a million dollars.

PORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, April 12.—Ex-President Castro states that if he is liberated on arrival of the French steamer Versailles at Saint Nazaire, France, he will proceed at once to Spain to embark for Santa Cruz de Tenerife, the capital of the Canary Islands.

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, April 12.—The Danish government has instructed the authorities of the Danish West Indies not to allow Castro to land there.

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, April 12.—Reports have reached here of a violent earthquake shock yesterday throughout Sweden, lasting for a minute. No details concerning any damage that may have been done have arrived.

MERU, France, April 12.—The troops rushed here to handle the strike situation among the bottommakers have arrived and there has been little rioting among the strikers since. The strikers have cut the telegraph wires and the workers who were sent in to replace the strikers have fled, terrorized by the threats made against them.

SUEZ, April 12.—The steamship Admiral which is conveying ex-President Roosevelt to his African destination has passed through the canal.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The United States Supreme Court has refused a rehearing to the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, which was fined \$1,600,000 and ousted from the State of Missouri for its flagrant violations of the law. The Waters-Pierce Oil Company is one of the branches of Standard Oil.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Senate has made sugar and tobacco imported into the Philippines dutiable in order to eliminate the possibility of exporting to the United States, under the free trade clause, products of neighboring countries.

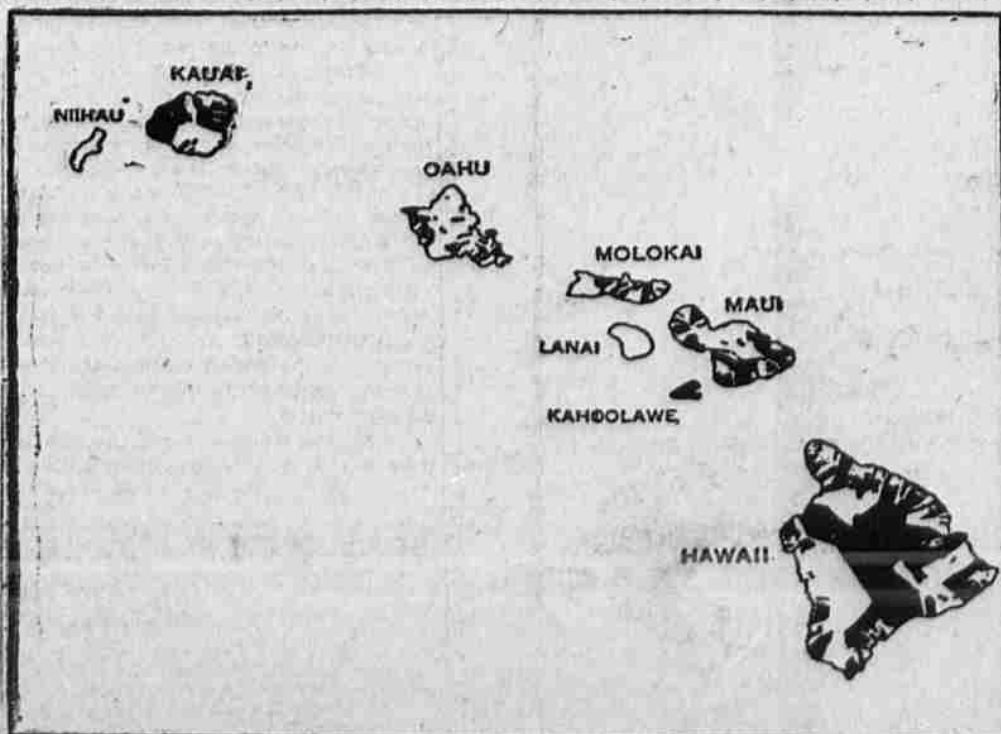
SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—The Calhoun jury box is again full, but there will be more peremptory challenges today.

MAY KEEP HIS JOB, BUT MUST MEND HIS WAYS

(Special Cablegram to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Breckons has been authorized to withdraw his resignation and has been warned about private practice.

E. G. WALKER.



DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC LAND IN HAWAII. (AREAS IN SOLID BLACK ARE PUBLIC LANDS.) FROM DIRECTOR NEWELL'S REPORT.